VEERMATA JIJABAI TECHNOLOGICAL INSTITUTE (VJTI) MATUNGA, MUMBAI 400 019

(Autonomous Institute affiliated to University of Mumbai)



Curriculum (Scheme of Instruction & Evaluation and Course contents)

For Second Year Undergraduate Programme Leading to Bachelor of Technology (B. Tech.) Degree in

Electronics Engineering

Implemented from the batch admitted in Academic Year 2018-19

VEERMATA JIJABAI TECHNOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

(Autonomous Institute affiliated to University of Mumbai)

Curriculum

(Scheme of Instruction & Evaluation and Course contents)

For

Second Year Undergraduate Programme Leading to Bachelor of Technology (B. Tech.) In

106 Electronics Engineering

Institute Vision

To establish global leadership in the field of Technology and develop competent human resources for providing service to society

Institute Mision

- To provide students with comprehensive knowledge of principles of engineering with a multi-disciplinary approach that is challenging
- To create an intellectually stimulating environment for research, scholarship, creativity, innovation and professional activity.
- To foster relationship with other leading institutes of learning and research, alumni and industries in order to contribute to National and International development.

Department Vision

To establish global leadership in the field of Electrical, Electronics & Communication Engineering and to develop competent human resources for providing service to society.

Department Mission

- To provide student with comprehensive knowledge for taking up challenges in the field of Electrical Engineering with a multi-disciplinary approach.
- To create an intellectually stimulating environment for research, industry interaction, creativity, innovation and professional activity.
- To foster relationship with renowned institutes of learning and research, alumni and industries in order to contribute to National and International development.

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

Electronics Engineering Graduates will have ability to

• Apply analysis, design, optimization and implementation skills in order to formulate and solve Electronics Engineering and multidisciplinary problems.

• Take up higher studies, innovation, research & development and other such creative efforts in technology.

• Use their skills in professional manner to raise the satisfaction level of stake holders.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

Engineering Graduate will be able to:

- 1. **Engineering knowledge**: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2. **Problem analysis**: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- 3. **Design/development of solutions**: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- 4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems**: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5. **Modern tool usage**: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- 6. **The engineer and society**: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- 7. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 8. **Ethics**: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9. **Individual and team work**: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- 10. **Communication**: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- 11. **Project management and finance**: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

12. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

Electronics Engineering Graduate will be able to:

- 1. Design, develop and test electronic systems in the areas related to analog and digital electronics, electronic instrumentation, signal processing and VLSI design.
- 2. Analyze, design and implement electronic systems to strive balance between increasing complexity, robustness and performance of systems.
- 3. Design electronic software and hardware systems, components or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.

	S Y B. Tech (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER III							
	Scheme of Instruction Scheme of Evaluation							
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P (Hours/week)	Credits	ТА	MST	ESE	ESE hours
1.	R4MA2003S	Mathematics for Electrical Engineers - I	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
2.	R4EC2001S	Electrical Networks	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
3.	R4EC2002T	Electronics Circuit Analysis and Design - I	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
	R4EC2002P	Electronics Circuit Analysis and Design - I Lab	0-0-2=2	1	60	-	40	2
4.	R4EC2003T	Digital Combinational Circuits	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
	R4EC2003P	Digital Combinational Circuits Lab	0-0-2=2	1	60	-	40	2
5.	R4EC2004S	Numerical Techniques	2-0-0=2	2	20	20	60	3
6.	R4EC2005T	Python Programming	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
	R4EC2005P	Python Programming Lab	0-0-2=2	1	60	-	40	2
7.		Environmental Studies	1-0-1=2	MNC	60	-	40	2
		Total	25	20				

B.Tech. (Electronics Engineering) Scheme of Instruction and Evaluation

	S Y B. Tech (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER IV							
	Scheme of Instruction				Scheme of Evaluation			
S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L-T-P (Hours/wee k)	Credits	ТА	MST	ESE	ESE hours
1.	R4MA2013S	Mathematics for Electrical Engineers – II	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
2.	R4EC2011S	Signals and Systems	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
3.	R4EC2012T	Digital Sequential Circuits	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
	R4EC2012P	Digital Sequential Circuits Lab	0-0-2=2	1	60	-	40	2
4.	R4EC2013T	Electronics Circuits Analysis and Design - II	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
	R4EC2013P	Electronics Circuits Analysis and Design - II Lab	0-0-2=2	1	60	-	40	2
5.	R4EC2014T	Measurements and Instrumentation	2-0-0=2	2	20	20	60	3
	R4EC2014P	Measurements and Instrumentation Lab	0-0-2=2	1	60	-	40	2
6.	R4EC2015T	Microprocessor and Microcontroller	3-0-0=3	3	20	20	60	3
	R4EC2015P	Microprocessor and Microcontroller Lab	0-0-2=2	1	60	-	40	2
7.	R4EC2016A R4EC2017A	Liberal arts (Any one course)i)Appreciation of Musicii)Dramatics	1-0-2=3	MNC	60	-	40	2
		Total	28	21				

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - III
Course Code	R4MA2003S
Course Title	MATHEMATICS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS – I

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Compute and characterise behaviour of complex variables
- Compute the Laplace transform of various functions
- Analyse and solve differential equation using Laplace transforms
- Evaluate the Fourier components of various functions

Module I	Complex Variables I		
	1.1 Function of Complex variable. Analytic function, Necessary and		
	sufficient conditions for $f(Z)$ to be analytic. Cauchy-Riemann equations		
	in polar coordinates.		
	1.2 Milne-Thomson method to determine analytic function $f(Z)$ when its		
	real or imaginary part or its combination is given.		
	1.3 Harmonic function, orthogonal trajectories. Transformations		
	1.4 Comornial mapping and standard transformations such as Kotation,		
	1.5 Bilinear Transformation and Manning under hilinear Transformation		
	with geometrical interpretation Cross ratio and fixed points		
	with geometrical interpretation. Cross ratio and fixed points.		
Module II	Complex Variables II		
	2.1 Line integral of a function of Complex variable, Properties of line		
	integral Cauchy's theorem for analytic function. Cauchy's Goursat		
	theorem (without proof), Cauchy's integral formula and deductions.		
	2.2 Series of Complex Term: Taylor's and Laurent's Series (without		
	proof), Singularities and poles, Residues, Residue Theorem and its		
	evaluation.		
	2.3 Application of Residue to evaluate real Function.		
Module III	Laplace Transforms I		
	3.1 Functions of bounded variation		
	3.2 Linear property of Laplace transforms.		
	3.3 Laplace transforms of standard functions such as;		
	1, t^n , e^{at} , sinat, cosat, sinhat, erf(t)		
	3.4 Change of scale property ,First shifting theorem, Second shifting		
	theorem		
	f(t) = (ct) + dn		
	$L\{t^{n} f(t)\}, L\{f'(t)\}, L\{f'(t)\},$		
	$\left(\begin{array}{c}t\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $		
Modulo IV	Lonlogo Tronsform II		
	1 Inverse Lanlace transform using linear property theorems partial		
	+.1 inverse Laplace nansionin using inical property, incorellis, partial		
Module IV	theorem $L\{t^{n} f(t)\}, L\{f'(t)\}, L\{\frac{f(t)}{t}\}, L\{\int_{0}^{t} f(u)du\}, L\{\frac{d^{n}}{dt^{n}} f(t)\}$ Laplace Transform II 4.1 Inverse Laplace transform using linear property, theorems, partial		

	4.2 Unit step functions, Heaviside, Dirac delta functions, Periodic functions and their Laplace transforms.4.3 Application to solve ordinary differential equations with one dependent variable.		
Module V	Fourier Series		
	 Orthogonal, Orthonormal sets, Expressions of a Function in Series of Orthogonal Functions. 1.2. Dirchlet's conditions. 1.3. Fourier series of periodic function with period 2π, 2l. 1.4. Dirchlet's theorem, even and odd functions. 1.5. Half range expansions, Parseval's relations. 1.6. Complex form of Fourier series. 1.7. Fourier integral and Fourier transform. 		
Text Books:			
1.	Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley Eastern Ltd, 10 th edition, 2015		
2.	Complex Variables & Applications: James Brown and Ruel Churchill, McGraw Hill, 8 th Edition, 2017.		
Reference Boo	oks:		
1.	T Veerrajan ,Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill India, 2002		
2.	B S Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publications, 39th Edition, 2005		
3.	Jain & Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publication, 2^{nd} Edition		

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - III
Course Code	R4EC2001S
Course Title	ELECTRICAL NETWORKS

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Analyse electrical networks using various Theorems.
- Characterise a network in terms of frequency and time domain parameters.
- Represent a network in terms of its two port network parameters.
- Obtain the frequency domain representations using Fourier analysis

Module I	Review
	DC and AC circuits.
Module II	Mesh and Node Analysis
	Mesh and Node Analysis of circuits with independent and dependent
	sources.
Module III	Linearity, Superposition and Source Transformation
	Linearity, Superposition, Current AND Voltage Source Transformation
Module IV	Network Theorems
	Thevenin's and Norton's Theorem (with independent and dependent
	sources), Maximum power transfer theorem.
Module V	Circuit Analysis
	Introduction to Graph Theory. Tree, link currents, branch voltages, cut set
	and tie set. Mesh and Node Analysis, Gauss Elimination Technique,
	Duality.
Module VI	Time and Frequency Response of Circuits
	First and second Order Differential equations, initial conditions.
	Evaluation and analysis of Transfernt and Steady state responses using
	classical rectinique as well as by Laplace Halistoffi (for simple circuits only) Transfer function. Concept of poles and zeros. Frequency response
	of a system (concepts only)
	of a system (concepts only).
Module VII	Two - port Networks
	Concept of two- port network. Driving point and Transfer Functions, Open
	Circuit impedance (Z) parameters, Short Circuit admittance (Y)
	parameters, Transmission (ABCD) parameters. Inverse Transmission
	(A'B'C'D') parameters. Hybrid (h) parameters. Inter Relationships of
	different parameters.
	Interconnections of two - port networks. T and Pi representation.
	i erminated two - port networks.
Module VIII	Fourier Series Application in Network Applysis
would vill	rourier Series Application in Network Analysis

	Orthogonal basis functions, Representation of a signal in terms of weighted Orthogonal basis functions, Calculation of weights (coefficients) in MSE sense. Extension to periodic signal in terms of Fourier Series	
	Representation. Complex and Trigonometric Fourier series, Properties of Fourier series, Power Spectral Density, Circuit Analysis using Fourier Series	
Text Books:		
1.	A Sudhakar and S P Shyammohan, Circuits and Networks, Tata McGraw Hill, thirteenth reprint, 2000.	
2.	2. William H Hayt, Jack E Kemmerly and Steven M Durbin, Engineerin Circuit Analysis, McGraw Hill International, sixth edition, 2002.	
Reference Boo	oks:	
1.	Artice M Davis, Linear Circuit Analysis, Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, first edition, 2001	
2.	M. E. Van Valkenburg, Network Analysis, Prentice Hall of India, third edition. 2006	
3.	Raymond A DeCarlo and Pen-Min Lin, Linear Circuit Analysis, Oxford University Press, second edition, 2001.	

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - III
Course Code	R4EC2002T
Course Title	ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS AND DESIGN - I

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Describe qualitatively the behaviour and characteristics of various semiconductor devices and circuits.
- Analyse BJT and FET transistor circuits for their DC and AC characteristics.
- Compare and characterise different amplifier circuits.
- Design small signal amplifier circuits using BJT and FET.

Module I	Semiconductor Materials and Diodes
	Review of Semiconductor Materials and Properties, The PN Junction,
	Introduction to Semiconductor Diode Theory. Diode Circuits: DC Analysis
	and Models, AC Equivalent Circuits, Other Diode Types - Solar Cell,
	Photodiode, Light-Emitting Diode, Schottky Barrier Diode, Zener Diode,
	Temperature Effects, Understanding Manufacturer's Specifications
Module II	Diode Circuits
	Design of Rectifier Circuits, Half Wave Rectification, Full Wave
	Rectification, Filter, Ripple Voltage and Diode Current, Voltage Doubler
	Circuit, Zener Diode Circuits, Clipper and Clamper Circuits, Multiple-
	Diode Circuits, Photodiode and LED Circuits.
Module III	Bipolar Junction Transistor
	Basic Bipolar Junction Transistor, Transistor Structures, NPN Transistor:
	Forward-active Mode Operation, PNP Transistor : Forward-active Mode
	Operation, Circuit Symbols and Conventions, Current-Voltage
	Characteristics, Non ideal Transistor Leakage Currents and Breakdown,
	DC Analysis of Transistor Circuits, Common–Emitter Circuits, Load Line
	and Modes Of Operation, Common Bipolar Circuits: DC Analysis, Basic
	Transistor Applications – Switch, Amplifier, Bipolar Transistor Biasing –
	Single Base Resistor Biasing, Voltage Divider Biasing and Bias Stability,
	Integrated Circuit Biasing, Multistage Circuits.
Module IV	Basic BJT Amplifiers
	Analog Signals and Linear Amplifiers, The Bipolar Linear Amplifier,
	Graphical Analysis and AC Equivalent Circuit, Small Signal Hybrid –
	Equivalent Circuit of the Bipolar Transistor, Hybrid – 🗆 Equivalent
	Circuit Including the Early Effect, Expanded Hybrid $-\Box$ Equivalent
	Circuit, Other Small – Signal Parameters And Equivalent Circuits, Basic
	Transistor Amplifier Configurations, Common Emitter Amplifiers, AC
	Load Line Analysis, Common Collector Emitter Follower Amplifier,
	Common Base Amplifier, The Three Basic Amplifier configurations:
	Summary and Comparison, Multistage Amplifiers, Power Considerations,

	Environmental Thermal Considerations in Transistor Amplifiers,			
	Manufacturers' Specifications.			
Module V	Field Effect Transistor			
	Junction Field–Effect Transistor, MOS Field–Effect Transistor, MOSFET			
	DC Circuit Analysis, Basic MOSFET Applications: Switch, Digital Logic			
	Gate and Amplifier. Temperature effects in MOSFETs, Input Protection in			
	MOSFET. Power FET (VMOS).			
Module VI	Basic FET Amplifiers			
	The MOSFET Amplifier, Basic Transistor Amplifier Configurations,			
	Common Source Amplifier, Source Follower Amplifier, Common Gate			
	Configuration, Three Basic Amplifier Configuration: Summary and			
	Configuration, Single – Stage Integrated Circuit MOSFET Amplifiers,			
	Multistage Amplifiers, Basic JFET Amplifiers			
Text Books:				
1	Donald A. Neamen, Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design, Second			
1.	edition, McGraw Hill International edition, 2006			
2	Martin Roden, Gordon Carpenter, William Wieserman, Electronic Design,			
۷.	Fourth edition, Shroff Publishers, 2002			
Reference Boo	ok:			
1	David Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Oxford University Press, 5 th			
1.	Edition, 2008			
2	Donald Schilling & Charles Belove, Electronic Circuits Discrete and			
۷.	Integrated, Third edition, McGraw Hill International edition, 1989			

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – III
Course Code	R4EC2002P
Course Title	ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS AND DESIGN – I
	LAB

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Design and implement electronic circuits to meet desired specifications.
- Analyse and design wave shaping circuits, multistage amplifiers, and power amplifiers.
- Explain basic analog electronic circuit design techniques using diodes, bipolar junction transistors and field effect transistors.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Sr.	Experiments
1	Forward and reverse characteristics of PN junction diode.
2	Forward and reverse characteristics of Zener diode.
3	Zener diode as voltage regulator.
4	Static and dynamic characteristics of BJT
5	BJT bias circuits – Design, assemble and test.
6	JFET bias circuits – Design, assemble and test.
7	Design, assemble and test of BJT common-emitter circuit – D.C and A.C performance: Voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance with bypassed and un-bypassed emitter resistor.
8	Design, assemble and test of BJT emitter-follower – D.C and A.C performance: A.C. voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance.
9	Design, assemble and Test of JFET/MOSFET common-source and common-drain amplifiers – D.C and A.C performance: Voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance.
10	Frequency response of a common-emitter amplifier: low frequency, high frequency and mid frequency response.

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - III
Course Code	R4EC2003T
Course Title	DIGITAL COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Represent data in various number systems and perform inter conversions.
- Analyse the behaviour of various logic circuits and logic families.
- Design various combinational circuits as per different specifications.
- Numerically analyse various logic circuits and perform Boolean reduction
- Design Parity circuits, Comparators, Adders, Subtractors, ALUs

Module I	Introduction
	Analog vs Digital systems, digital devices, integrated circuits,
	programmable logic devices, digital design levels, software aspects of
	digital design
Module II	Number System
	Positional number systems, Binary and Hexadecimal number systems,
	general positional number systems conversions, anumeuc operations,
	numbers binery and gray adds, abaractor adds, adds for detecting and
	correcting errors
	concerning errors.
Module III	Logic Circuits
	Logic signals and gates, Boolean Algebra, theorems, combinational
	circuit analysis, combinational circuit synthesis – minimization,
	Karnaugh Maps, sum of products and product of sums expressions and
	their minimization, programmed minimization methods – Quine-Mc-
	Cluskey minimization algorithm, timing hazards – static and dynamic
	hazards, introduction to VHDL hardware description language.
Module IV	Logic Families
	CMOS logic: MOS transistors basic CMOS inverter circuit CMOS
	NAND and NOR gates, fan $-$ in, fan $-$ out. Electrical behavior of CMOS
	circuits, propagation delay, power consumption, CMOS logic families,
	bipolar logic introduction, BJT, TTL NAND and NOR gates, fan – in, fan
	- out, Electrical behavior of TTL circuits, propagation delay, power
	consumption. CMOS / TTL interfacing, Introduction to Emitter – coupled
	logic.
Module V	Combinational Logic Design
	Introduction to Combinational and Sequential Circuits: Introduction to
	combinational circuit: Realization of basic combinational functions like
	comparison, code conversion, decoding, multiplexing, de-multiplexing,
	addition, subtraction. Delays and hazards in combinational circuits.

Module VI	Combinational Logic Modules and their applications
	Decoders, encoders, multiplexers, de-multiplexers and their applications;
	Parity circuits and comparators; Arithmetic modules- adders, subtractors
	and ALU; Design examples
Text Books:	
1	John F. Wakerley, Digital Design Principles and Practices, fourth edition,
1.	Pearson Education India, 2008.
2	Stephen Brown & ZvonkoVranesic, Fundamentals of Digital logic with
۷.	VHDL design, third edition, McGraw Hill edition, 2014.
Reference Books:	
1	Moris & Miller (Eds), Designing with TTL Integrated Circuits: Prepared
1.	by Staff of Texas Instruments, McGraw Hill International edition, 1981
2.	G K Kharate, Digital Electronics, Oxford University Press 2015

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - III
Course Code	R4EC2003P
Course Title	DIGITAL COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS LAB

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Design and implement combinational circuits using gates.
- Design combinational circuits using ICs
- Implement simple combinational circuits in VHDL

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Sr	Experiments
1	Realization of Logic Gates using discrete components and ICs.
2	Design of combinational logic circuits (Half Adder, Full Adder, Half
	Subtractor, Full Subtractor) using fundamental and Universal Logic gates
3	Design of Multiplexer, De-multiplexer
4	Design of Encoder and Decoder circuits
5	Design of Code Converters
6	Implementing 8 bit ALU
7	VHDL for Combinational logic.
8	Study of various parameters of logical families and comparative study of
	TTL and CMOS.

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – III
Course Code	R4EC2004S
Course Title	NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Perform an error analysis for a given numerical method.
- Solve linear algebraic equations
- Solve numerical on curve fitting problems
- Perform numerical integration and differentiation

Course Contents

Module I	Errors in Numerical Computation	
	Error types, analysis and estimation. Error propagation.	
Module II	Systems of Linear Algebraic Equations	
	Bracketing Methods – The Bisection method, The False position method.	
	Open Methods – The Newton-Raphson method, The Secant method.	
	Gauss-Elimination method – Technique, pitfalls, improvement. Gauss-	
	Jordan method. LU decomposition and matrix inversion. Gauss-Seidel	
	method. (all the methods with relevant engineering applications)	
Module III	Ile III Curve Fitting	
	Interpolation – Newton's divided difference, Lagrange Interpolating	
	polynomials. Approximation - Least square approximation technique,	
	linear regression, and polynomial regression. (relevant engineering	
	applications)	
Module IV	Module IV Numerical Differentiation and Integration	
	Methods based on interpolation and finite differences. (relevant	
	engineering applications) The Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule,	
	Simpson's 3/8 rule.	
Text Books:		
1	Seven C Chopra, Raymond C Canale, Numerical Methods for engineers,	
1.	fourth edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002	
2	Robert J Schillig, Sandra L Harris, Applied numerical Methods for	
2.	Engineers First Edition Thomson AsiaPvt. Ltd., 2002	

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – III
Course Code	R4EC2005T
Course Title	Python Programming

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Explain basics concepts of Python programming
- Explain object oriented programming in Python
- Explain the different data structures and select appropriate data structure for the given application

Module I	Introduction to Python	
	Features, Byte code, execution, Python Virtual Machine, frozen binaries	
	memory management, C vs Python,	
Module II	Data types and operators in Python	
	Comments, Docstrings, built-in-data types, sequences, sets, literals, user-	
	defined data types, basic operators, membership operators, operator	
	precedence and associativity, Output, input statements, command line	
	statements, control statements	
Module III	Arrays, Strings and Functions	
	Arrays, importing, indexing, slicing, processing, mathematical operations	
	on Arrays, strings, operations on strings, defining and calling Functions,	
	formal and actual arguments, function decorators, generators	
Module IV	Classes and Objects	
	Class creation, constructor, inheritance: single and multiple, super class	
	constructors and methods, polymorphism, duck typing, operator	
	overloading, overriding, abstract classes and interfaces	
Module V	Data structures in Python	
	Linked list (single, double), stacks, queues, dequeues, The Stack as an	
	ADT, Stack operations, Array representation of Stack, Link	
	representation of Stack, The Queue as an ADT, Queue operation, Array	
	representation of Queue, Linked representation of Queue	
Text Books:		
1.	Core Python Programming, 2 nd Edition, Nageswara Rao, Dreamtech Press. New Delhi, 2018.	
2.	E Balagurusamy, Introduction to computing and problem solving using python, McGraw Hill Education.	
Reference Boo	Reference Book:	
1.	Martin Brown, Python, The complete Reference, Indian Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, ISBN: 9789387572942, 9387572943.	

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – III
Course Code	R4EC2005P
Course Title	Python Programming LAB

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Write programs to implement classical numerical methods solving engineering problems in Python
- Implement object oriented programming in Python
- Implement different data structures and select appropriate data structure for the given application

LIST OF TOPICS

Sr.	Topics
1	Design a simulation in Python which shows how the bisection, and Newton-
	Raphson methods works for finding roots of an equation $f(x) = 0$
2	Design a simulation in Python to illustrate the Newton-Raphson method of finding
	roots of an equation $f(x) = 0$
3	Design a simulation to illustrate the convergence of the Secant, Gauss-Seidal
	method of finding roots of an equation $f(x) = 0$
4	To simulate and determine polynomial using method of Least Square Curve Fitting
5	Creating functions, classes and objects using python. Demonstrate exception
	handling and inheritance
6	To implement operator overloading, overriding
7	To implement link list, stack, queues
8	To perform operations on abstract data types

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – III
Course Code	
Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Imply the basic knowledge of environmental protection, sustainable development and improvement.
- Categorize and scrutinize impact of human development on natural resources. Provide the student with an understanding of radioactive waste.
- Interpret the impact of environmental problems on socio economic growth and human health.
- Imply various strategies, technological improvement, and methods for sustainable management of environmental systems and for the remediation of degraded environment.
- Apply different Science and Technology (S&T) based sustainability solutions and limitations as well as to identify impact of human population on the natural environment and human health.

Module I	Significance of Environment Science:
	Definition, basic principles and scope of environment science. Earth Man
	and Environment inter-relationship. Need for awareness Industrialization
	& Urbanization; Modern Human Life, Basic Ecological Concepts
	Ecosystems, nature of environmental threats Current environmental
	problems, Importance of clean air.
Module II	Ecosystems and Its conservation:
	Introduction, definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity.
	Concept of an ecosystem: Structure and function of an ecosystem, Producers,
	consumers and decomposers.
	Conservation of ecosystem: Natural Resources, Renewable and Non-renewable
	Resources, Natural resources and associated problems.
	Forest resources, Water resources, Mineral resources, Food resources, Energy resources,
	Land resources.
	Kole of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Biodiversity and its significance and conservation Global National and effects of biodiversity
Module III	Fundamentals of Environmental Chemistry
	Definition Causes effects and control measures of (a) Air pollution (b)
	Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution
	(f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards (h) Radioactive Waste (I) E-
	waste Importance of Environmental Chemistry to access and manage
	environmental pollution
Module IV	Pollution Monitoring and Control Methods
	Methods of controlling air pollution:
	Pollution controlling methods Principle construction working and
	application of Equipment for gaseous pollutants control.
	Method to control water pollution: Principle construction working
	Concept of Sustainability and Green Chemistry as a tool for sustainable
	development
Modulo V	Environmental Aggaggment Management and Logiclation:
viouule V	Environmental Assessment, Management and Legislation:

	Aims And Objectives Of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).	
	Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) And Environmental Management	
	Plan (EMP)	
	Environmental Ethics: Issues And Possible Solutions:	
	Environment Audit : Principle, Procedure And Benefits	
	Case study can be submit by the students.	
	Projects and activities by students on Current Environmental Issues in	
	India	
	Global Environmental Issues: Biodiversity loss ,Climate change, Ozone	
	layer depletion, Sea level rise	
	Global Warming	
	International efforts for environmental protection and contribution of	
	India for same, National Action Plan on Climate Change	
Text Books:		
1.	De., Environmental Chemistry, 6th Edition, New Age International.	
2.	P.K.Goel, Water Pollution, Causes, Effects and Control, New Age International	
3	Erach Bharucha, Text Book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate	
Э.	Courses, Universities Press, Second Edition	
4	Dr. Jagdish Krishnaswamy and Dr. R. J. Ranjit Daniels, Environmental	
4.	Studies, Wiley India Private Limited, New Delhi, First Edition, 2009.	
Reference Boo	Reference Books:	
1	Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Publishing Pvt. Ltd.,	
1.	Ahmedabad	
2.	Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T.,	
	Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumbai	
2	Jadhav, H & Bhosale, V.M., Environmental Protection and Laws. Himalaya	
З.	Pub. House, Delhi, 1995	
4.	Wanger K.D., Environmental Management. W.B. Saunders Co.	
	Philadelphia, USA, 1998	

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - IV
Course Code	R4MA2013S
Course Title	MATHEMATICS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS – II

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Perform operations on matrices including transformation and reduce to canonical form.
- Solve problems on vectors using different theorems.
- Understand Bessel function and solve problems on Legendre polynomials.
- Apply properties of Z transform and its inverse to solve engineering problems.
- Explain and solve basic problems of probability and random variables

Matrices
1.1 Eigen values Eigen vectors of square matrix.
1.2 Cayley Hamilton's theorem and function of square matrix.
1.3 Similarity Matrices, Modal Matrix
1.4 Function of Square a Matrix, Minimal Polynomial and Minimal
Equation of a Matrix, Derogatory and Non-Derogatory Matrices.
1.5 Quadratic forms : Linear Transformation, Linear Transformation of
Quadratic forms, Congruence of a square Matrix
1.6 Reduction to Canonical form under Congruent and Orthogonal
Transformation of Quadratic form, rank, index, signature and class
value of Quadratic form.
Vector Calculus and Analysis
2.1 Scalar and vector point functions, Directional derivative, Curl and
Divergence, Conservative, Irrotational and Solenoid field.
2.2 Line integral, Green's theorem for plane regions and Properties of
Line integral.
2.3 Stoke's theorem, Gauss's divergence theorem (without proof) related
identities and deductions.
Bessel Functions
3.1 Bessel's Equation, Solutions of Bessel's function, Bessel's Function
3.2 Recurrence formula $\ln(x)$. Equation Reducible to Bessel's equation
3.2 Accurrence formula $fi(x)$, Equation Accurrence to Desser's equation 3.3 Orthogonality of Bessel's functions. A Generating function for $In(x)$
3.4 Trigonometric Expansion involving Bessel's functions
3.5 Ressel's Integral Legendre's Equation Legendre's Polynomial
General solution of Legendre's Equation Rodrigue's Formula A
Generating function of Legendre polynomial Orthogonality of
Legendre polynomial
Z Transform
4.1.7-Transform Properties of z-transform Theorem change of Scale
in 2 manufacture, repetites of 2 manufacture, manufacture,

	4.2 Inverse Z-Transform solution of Difference Equation. Multiplication
	by k Division by k Initial value Final value Partial sum Inversion
	by residue method. Solution of Difference Equation
	4.2 Convolution Convolution property of Cosyal Sequence Inverse of 7
	4.5 Convolution, Convolution property of Casual Sequence, inverse of Z-
	transform by Division, By Binomial Expansion and partial fraction,
Module V	Probability Theory
	5.1 Review of introduction to probability, concept of random variable,
	probability density function, cumulative distribution function
	5.2 Moments, characteristic functions, Two random variables: Bi-variate
	distribution functions of random variables
	5.3 Joint moments Joint Characteristic functions Conditional
	distribution
Tarit Da alara	distribution
1 ext Books:	
1	Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley Eastern Ltd,
1.	10 th edition, 2015
2	B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill India, 1 st
۷.	edition, 2006
Reference Books:	
1	T. Veerarrajan, Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2 nd
1.	Edition
	Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia, Engineering Mathematics, Oxford
2.	University Press 1 st edition 2015
	Chryonony 11055, 1 Controll, 2015

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2011S
Course Title	SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Understand basic concepts of linear systems and how they interact with continuous-time and discrete time signals.
- Analyse CT and DT signals and systems using Laplace and Z-domain descriptions
- Represent and interpret signals in Fourier domain
- Analyse continuous-time and discrete time signals and systems in time domain.

Module I	Introduction to signals & Systems (CT and DT domain)
	Definition of Signal, Signal classification, Signal manipulations,
	Periodicity in CT (Continuous Time) & DT(Discrete Time) domain,
	Concept of a system, System representations & classification, Concept of
	Impulse Response, Convolution in CT and DT domain
Module II	Laplace Transforms
	Definition & properties of Two-sided & one-sided Laplace Transform,
	Region of Convergence (ROC), System transfer function, Relationship
	with Fourier Transform & mapping, Zero state & zero input responses
Module III	Z Transform
	Definition & properties of Two-sided & one-sided Z Transform, Region
	of Convergence (ROC), Relationship with Fourier and Laplace
	Transform, & mapping, Inverse Z Transform
Module IV	Fourier Series & Fourier Transform (CTFS, CTFT, DTFS & DTFT)
	Introduction, properties and uses, amplitude & phase spectra, Energy
	Spectral Density, Power Spectral Density
Module V	Introduction to CT Systems
	System Transfer function & Impulse response, Differential Equations
Module VI	Introduction to DT Systems
	Difference equation, FIR & IIR systems, System transfer function,
	System realization: Direct forms, Cascade & parallel forms, Linear and
	circular Convolution, BIBO stability.
Module VII	Time Domain Analysis of DT Systems
	System Transfer function & Impulse response, Difference equation,
	Solution of a difference equation, zero input & zero state response
	calculations
Text Books:	
1	Simon Haykin and Barry Van Veen, Signals and Systems, John Wiley
1.	and Sons, 2 nd edition, 2004

2	B.P. Lathi, Principles of Linear Systems and Signals, Oxford University	
2.	Press, India, 2 nd edition, 2010.	
Reference Boo	Reference Books:	
1	Michael J Roberts, Fundamentals of Signals and systems, Tata McGraw	
1.	Hill, Indian Economy edition, 2009.	
2	Alan V. Oppenhiem, Alan S. Willsky and S. Hamid Nawab, Signals and	
Ζ.	Systems, Prentice-Hall of India, 2 nd edition, 2002	

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2012T
Course Title	Digital Sequential Circuits

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Classify and analyse different types of sequential circuits.
- Analyse and design flip-flop based digital applications
- Comprehend, analyse and design FSMs
- Implement synchronous sequential circuits in VHDL and describe different VHDL constructs
- Describe architectures of different programmable logic devices such as (FPGA and CPLD) and structure of different types of memories and use them in digital design.

Module I	Introduction
	Introduction to sequential circuits, Types: synchronous and asynchronous
	sequential logic circuits, Comparison between sequential and
	combinational circuits
Madula II	Convential Logic systems
Module 11	Definition of state machines, state machine as a sequential controller.
	Basic sequential circuits latches and flip-flops: SR-latch D-latch D flip-
	flop IK flip-flop T flip-flop: Timing hazards and races: Analysis of state
	machines using D flip-flops and IK flip-flops: Design of state machines –
	state table, state assignment, transition/excitation table, excitation maps
	and equations, logic realization; Design examples
Module III	State machine design approach
	Design of state machines – state table, state assignment,
	transition/excitation table, excitation maps and equations, logic
	realization; Designing state machine using ASM charts; Designing state
	machine using state diagram; Design examples
Module IV	Sequential logic modules and their applications
Would I V	Multi-bit latches and registers counters shift register application
	examples
Module V	Memory Devices & Programmable Logic Devices
	Read-only memory, read/write memory - SRAM and DRAM PLAs,
	PALs and their applications; Sequential PLDs and their applications;
	State-machine design with sequential PLDs; Introduction to field
	programmable gate arrays (FPGAs)
Tart Daal	
1 ext Books:	John F. Waltenley, Divital Design Driverights and Dreatings, fourth a divisor
1.	Join F. wakeriey, Digital Design Principles and Practices, fourth edition, Dearson Education India 2008
2	Stephen Brown & Zvonko Vranesic, Fundamentals of Digital logic with

	VHDL design, first edition, McGraw Hill International edition, 2000.
Reference Book	
1	Moris& Miller (Eds), Designing with TTL Integrated Circuits: Prepared
1.	by Staff of Texas Instruments, McGraw Hill International edition, 1981

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2012P
Course Title	Digital Sequential Circuits LAB

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Implement digital sequential circuits using ICs.
- Describe digital sequential circuits in hardware description language.
- Program an FPGA, CPLD

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Sr	Experiments
1	Truth Table verification of
	RS Flip Flop
	T type Flip Flop.
	D type Flip Flop.
	JK Flip Flop.
2	JK Master Slave Flip Flop. To simplify the given expression and to realize
	it using Basic gates and Universal gates
3	To realize and study of Shift Register.
	SISO (Serial in Serial out)
	SIPO (Serial in Parallel out)
	PIPO (Parallel in Parallel out)
	PISO (Parallel in Serial out) To design and set up the following circuit
	using IC 7483.
4	Design and set up a Sequence Generator using IC 7495.
5	To realize and study Ring Counter and Johnson counter.
6	To design and test 3-bit binary asynchronous counter using flip-flop IC
	7476 for the given sequence.
7	To design and test 3-bit binary synchronous counter using flip-flop IC 7476
	for the given sequence.
8	To design IC 74193 as a up/down counter.
9	To design IC 7490 as a decade counter with BCD count sequence

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2013T
Course Title	ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS AND DESIGN – II

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Compute and characterise the frequency response of BJT and FET
- Design and analyse various types of power amplifiers
- Design and analyse various types of differential and multistage amplifiers
- Design and analyse various types of feedback amplifiers

Module I	Frequency Response of Amplifiers
	Amplifier Frequency Response, System Transfer Functions, S – Domain
	Analysis, First – Order Functions, Bode Plots, Short–Circuit and Open–
	Circuit Time Constants, Frequency Response: Transistor Amplifiers with
	Circuit Capacitors, Frequency Response: Bipolar Transistor, Frequency
	Response: The FET, High Frequency Response of Transistor Circuits.
Module II	Output Stage and Power Amplifiers
	Power Amplifiers, Power Transistors – Power BJTs, Power MOSFETs,
	Heat Sinks, design of heat sinks, Classes Of Amplifiers - Class-A
	Operation, Class–B Operation, Class–AB Operation, Class–C Operation,
	Class–A Power Amplifiers, Class–AB Push Pull Complementary Output
	Stages.
Module III	Differential and Multistage Amplifiers
	The Differential Amplifier, Basic BJT Differential Pair, Basic FET
	Differential Pair, Differential Amplifier with Active Load, BICMOS
	Circuits, Gain Stage and Simple Output Stage, Simplified BJT
	Operational Amplifier Circuit, Differential Amplifier Frequency
	Response. The Darlington Amplifier and Cascade Amplifier.
Module IV	Feedback and Stability
	Introduction to Feed Back, Basic Feedback Concepts, Ideal Close-Loop
	Gain, Gain Sensitivity Bandwidth Extension, Noise Sensitivity,
	Reduction of Nonlinear Distortion, Ideal Feedback Topologies, Series-
	Shunt, Shunt-Series, Series-Series, Shunt-Shunt Configurations, Loop
	Gain, Stability of The Feedback Circuit, The Stability Problem, Bode
	Plots: One – Pole, Two – Pole, and Three – Pole Amplifiers, Nyquist
	Stability Criterion, Phase and Gain Margins, Frequency Compensation
	Basic Theory, Closed Loop Frequency Response, Miller Compensation.
Text Books:	
1	Donald A. Naeman, Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design, Second
1.	Edition, McGraw Hill International Edition 2001.
2	Martin Roden, Gordon Carpenter, William Wieserman, Electronic
2.	Design, Fourth edition, Shroff Publishers, 2002.
Reference Boo	ks :
1	Donald Schilling and Charles Belove, Electronic Circuits Discrete and
1.	Integrated, Third edition, McGraw Hill International Edition, 1989
2	Adel Sedra and, Kenneth Smith, Microelectronic Circuits, Fourth edition,
۷.	Oxford University Press, 1998.

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2013P
Course Title	ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS AND DESIGN – II
	LAB

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Differentiate the response of BJT and MOSFET at low frequency and radio frequency
- Design and implement BJT based amplifier circuits utilizing various negative feedback topologies
- Design and implement transistorised RC phase shift and Wien bridge oscillators
- Design and implement RF oscillators (Hartley and Colpitt)

Sr.	Experiments
1	Design of Voltage Shunt Feedback Amplifier.
2	Frequency Response of CE Amplifier with and Without Feedback.
3	Design of Current Shunt Feedback Amplifier.
4	Frequency Response of Two stage RC – Coupled Amplifier.
5	Design of Voltage Shunt Feedback Amplifier.
6	Frequency Response of CE Amplifier with and Without Feedback.
7	Measurement of Parameters of Common Emitter Amplifier.
8	Design of RC Phase Shift Oscillator.
9	Design of Wien Bridge Oscillator.
10	Design of Hartley and Colpitt's Oscillator.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2014T
Course Title	MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Describe the working principle of various test and measurement equipment.
- Explain the working principle of various signal generators and analysers.
- Describe various data acquisition techniques and fiber optic based measurements.

Module I	Basic Measurement Concepts
	Measurement systems – Static and dynamic characteristics – units and standards of measurements – error :-accuracy and precision, types, statistical analysis – moving coil, moving iron meters – multimeters – Bridge measurements : – Maxwell, Hay, Schering, Anderson and Wien bridge.
Module II	Basic Electronic Measurements
	Electronic multimeters – Cathode ray oscilloscopes – block schematic – applications – special oscilloscopes:– delayed time base oscilloscopes, analog and digital storage oscilloscope, sampling oscilloscope – Q meters – Vector meters – RF voltage and power measurements – True RMS meters.
Module III	Signal Generators And Analysers
	Function generators – pulse and square wave generators, RF signal generators – Sweep generators – Frequency synthesizer – wave analyzer – Harmonic distortion analyzer – spectrum analyzer :- digital spectrum analyzer, Vector Network Analyzer –Digital L,C,R measurements, Digital RLC meters.
Module IV	Digital Instruments
	Comparison of analog and digital techniques – digital voltmeter – multimeters – frequency counters – measurement of frequency and time interval – extension of frequency range – Automation in digital instruments, Automatic polarity indication, automatic ranging, automatic zeroing, fully automatic digital instruments, Computer controlled test systems, Virtual instruments
Module V	Data Acquisition Systems And Fiber Optic Measurements
	Elements of a digital data acquisition system – interfacing of transducers – multiplexing – data loggers – computer controlled instrumentation – IEEE 488 bus – fiber optic measurements for power and system loss – optical time domain reflectometer.
Text Books:	
1.	Albert D. Helfrick and William D. Cooper - Modern Electronic

	Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques, Pearson / Prentice Hall of	
	India, 2007.	
C	Ernest O. Doebelin, Measurement Systems- Application and Design,	
Ζ.	ТМН, 2007.	
Reference Books:		
1	Joseph J.Carr, Elements of Electronics Instrumentation and	
1.	Measurement, Pearson Education, 2003.	
2.	Alan. S. Morris, Principles of Measurements and Instrumentation, 2nd	
	Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.	
2	David A. Bell, Electronic Instrumentation and measurements, Prentice	
3.	Hall of India Pvt Ltd, 2003.	

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2014P
Course Title	MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION LAB

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Understand and use CRO.
- Use signal and function generators
- Understand and explain various transducers and their working

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Module I	Two experiments on CRO (Frequency measurement, study of Lissageous patterns)
Module II	Three experiments on signal generators and function generators
Module III	Three experiments on various transducers
Module IV	Study of digital and electronic voltmeter

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2015T
Course Title	MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Describe architecture of a typical microprocessor and microcontroller.
- Design a microprocessor system consisting of a microprocessor / microcontroller, memory, I/ O and other relevant devices.
- Design and implement assembly language programs for 8085 / 8051 microprocessor / microcontroller.
- Design and implement I/O data transfer techniques

Module I	Introduction
	Introduction to Microprocessors, Microcontrollers and Assembly Language.
Module II	8085 Microprocessor Architecture and Memory Interfacing
	The 8085 architecture, Instruction cycles, machine cycles and T states. Concept of wait states. Memory interfacing with timing considerations. Clock, Reset and buffering circuits.
Module III	8085 Assembly Language Programming
	The 8085 programming model, Instruction classification, Instruction and Data format, process of writing, assembly and execution of simple assembly language programs.
Module IV	Programming Techniques
	Data transfer operations, Arithmetic & Logic operations, Branch operations, Writing assembly language programs, Debugging a program. Looping, Counting and indexing, counters and timers, Code conversion, BCD arithmetic and 16 bit data operations. Software Development Systems and Assemblers. Concept of Stack and subroutines, parameter passing techniques, Re-entrant and recursive subroutines.
Module V	Parallel I/O Data Transfer Techniques
	Basic interfacing concepts, Interfacing input and output devices with examples, Memory mapped I/O and I/O mapped I/O. I/O data transfer classification, Programmed I/O, Interrupt driven program controlled I/O, Interrupt Requirements, Single level interrupt, Multi-level interrupt, Vectored interrupt. 8085 interrupt structure and operation. 8259A programmable interrupt controller features and operation – single and cascaded. Hardware I/O (Direct Memory Access).
Module VI	Intel MCS 51 family

	Introduction to Single chip microcontrollers of Intel MCS 51 family. Architectural and operational features. Instruction set. CPU timing and machine cycles. Interrupt structure and priorities. Internal Timer / counters, serial interface. Interfacing of external memory. Power saving modes.8051 variants. 89C51 devices
Text Books:	
1.	Ramesh S Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085, Sixth edition, Penram International Publishing (India), 2013.
2.	Kenneth Short, Microprocessors and Programmed Logic, second edition, Prentice Hall of India, 1987.
Reference Books:	
1.	Kenneth Ayala, The 8051 Microcontroller & Embedded Systems Using
	Assembly and C, Cengage Learning, first edition, 2010
2.	Muhammad A Mazidi, The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded
	Systems: Using Assembly and C, second edition, 2008

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER – IV
Course Code	R4EC2015P
Course Title	MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER LAB

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Understand and use microprocessor circuits and kits.
- Design and implement assembly language programs for 8085 / 8051 microprocessor / microcontroller.
- Design and program parallel data transfer techniques

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Module I	Two programs on Data transfer operations based on 8085 microprocessor	
Module II	Five programs on Arithmetic & Logic operations with increasing complexity based on 8085 microprocessor	
Module III	Three programs on sorting based on 8085 microprocessor.	
Module IV	Three programs on I/O operations and interrupts based on 8085 microprocessor.	
Module V	Three programs on Arithmetic & Logic operations with increasing complexity based on 8051 microcontroller.	
Module VI	Two programs on I/O operations and interrupts based on 8051 microcontroller.	

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - III
Course Code	R4EC2016A
Course Title	Liberal arts
	i) Appreciation of Music

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Describe the origin and development of Indian music.
- Describe the technical terminology for music.
- Identify basic ragas and talas
- Interpret musical performances in context of its technicality

Module IHistory of Indian Music Brief history of Bharata natyashastra and SangeetaratnakaraModule IIClassification of Music-vocal and instrumental Concept of ragas and talas in Indian music; Classification of ragas; Different gharanas and their history, evolution of notation system.Module IIIExplanation of technical terms of music. Concert singing/ performing. Music and spirituality.Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:Image: Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.		History of Indian Music
Module I Brief history of Bharata natyashastra and Sangeetaratnakara Module II Classification of Music-vocal and instrumental Module III Classification of ragas; Different gharanas and their history, evolution of notation system. Module IV Explanation of technical terms of music. Module IV Explanation of technical terms of music. Module V Forms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media, Text Books: Image: Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 1981 2. Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.	Module I	History of Indian Music
Module IIClassification of Music-vocal and instrumentalModule IIIConcept of ragas and talas in Indian music; Classification of ragas; Different gharanas and their history, evolution of notation system.Module IVExplanation of technical terms of music. Concert singing/ performing. Music and spirituality.Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.		Brief history of Bharata natyashastra and Sangeetaratnakara
Module IIIConcept of ragas and talas in Indian music; Classification of ragas; Different gharanas and their history, evolution of notation system.Module IVExplanation of technical terms of music. Concert singing/ performing. Music and spirituality.Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:Image: Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.	Module II	Classification of Music-vocal and instrumental
Module IIIClassification of ragas; Different gharanas and their history, evolution of notation system.Module IVExplanation of technical terms of music. Concert singing/ performing. Music and spirituality.Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:Image: Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.		Concept of ragas and talas in Indian music;
notation system.Module IVExplanation of technical terms of music. Concert singing/ performing. Music and spirituality.Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:Image: Concert singing and an analysis of the system of th	Module III	Classification of ragas; Different gharanas and their history, evolution of
Module IVExplanation of technical terms of music. Concert singing/ performing. Music and spirituality.Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:Image: Concert singing and an end of the second se		notation system.
Module IVConcert singing/ performing. Music and spirituality.Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:Image: Concert singing and single and	Module IV	Explanation of technical terms of music.
Music and spirituality. Module V Forms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media, Text Books: Image: Comparison of the system		Concert singing/ performing.
Module VForms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in fine arts, music and multi-media,Text Books:1.Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.		Music and spirituality.
Module v fine arts, music and multi-media, Text Books:	Modulo V	Forms of light music, importance of music festivals, place of music in
Text Books:1.Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.	wiodule v	fine arts, music and multi-media,
1.Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.	Text Books:	
1.Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 19812.Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music. Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.	1.	Swami Prajnananada, A Historical Study of Indian Music, Munshiram
2. Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. <i>Introduction to Indian Music</i> . Publications Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.		Manoharlal Publishers; Revised, Enlarged edition, Delhi, 1981
2. Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.	2.	Deva, B. Chaitanya, ed. Introduction to Indian Music, Publications
		Division Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, 1992.

Programme Name	B. Tech. (Electronics Engineering), SEMESTER - III
Course Code	R4EC2017A
Course Title	Liberal arts
	ii)Dramatics

After completion of this course, students should be able to

- Describe importance of theatre and theatrical performance.
- Describe history of theatre.
- Enumerate the process of play making.
- compile imagining situations connecting reality.

Module I	Why drama: importance of play in general and dramatic play in particular
Module II	Why Theatre: Why did human beings start to do theatre? The triangular relationship between performer, idea and audience the art & need of communication
Module III	From Idea to Performance: The process of transforming 'a thought' to a theatrical mode of communication: - WHY create? - Create WHAT? - Create HOW? - Create WHE
Module IV	Imagining Possibilities: Role Play: to be in somebody else's shoesthe cathartic connection - Imagining Situations - Analysing realities - Imagining alternatives
Module V	The vastness of theatre: A short introduction to the history of theatre ⁻ Indian practices & Forms: Traditional & contemporary - Indian theatre in connection with world theatre - Contemporary Indian theatre: As a continuum & how it is practiced today
Module VI	How theatre impacts: The role(s) of theatre. Historical, societal, socio- cultural-political, self-experiential.
Text Books:	
1.	Lajos Egri, The Art Of Dramatic Writing: Its Basis in the Creative Interpretation of Human Motives, Touchstone; Revised edition, February 1972